

**Read this information first**

See instructions and example before you begin, and keep your completed worksheet with your books and records.

**Step 1: Figure the number of taxable kilowatt-hours (kwh)**

- a Write the total number of kilowatt-hours distributed. a \_\_\_\_\_
- b Write your deductions (only tax-exempt kilowatt-hours you included on Line a.)
  - 1 Kilowatt-hours distributed in interstate commerce b1 \_\_\_\_\_
  - 2 Kilowatt-hours to be rebilled b2 \_\_\_\_\_
  - 3 Other:
 

	Description	Kilowatt-hours
	_____	_____
	_____	_____
	_____	_____
- Total "other" deductions: b3 \_\_\_\_\_
- c Add Lines b1, b2, and b3. This amount is your total deduction. c \_\_\_\_\_
- d Subtract Line c from Line a. This is the number of taxable kilowatt-hours distributed. d \_\_\_\_\_

**Step 2: Figure the tax due**

- e For the first 2,000 kwh distributed, multiply the number of kwh by .33¢ (.0033). e \_\_\_\_\_
- f For the next 48,000 kwh distributed, multiply the number of kwh by .319¢ (.00319). f \_\_\_\_\_
- g For the next 50,000 kwh distributed, multiply the number of kwh by .303¢ (.00303). g \_\_\_\_\_
- h For the next 400,000 kwh distributed, multiply the number of kwh by .297¢ (.00297). h \_\_\_\_\_
- i For the next 500,000 kwh distributed, multiply the number of kwh by .286¢ (.00286). i \_\_\_\_\_
- j For the next 2 million kwh distributed, multiply the number of kwh by .27¢ (.0027). j \_\_\_\_\_
- k For the next 2 million kwh distributed, multiply the number of kwh by .254¢ (.00254). k \_\_\_\_\_
- l For the next 5 million kwh distributed, multiply the number of kwh by .233¢ (.00233). l \_\_\_\_\_
- m For the next 10 million kwh distributed, multiply the number of kwh by .207¢ (.00207). m \_\_\_\_\_
- n For the number of kilowatt-hours distributed in excess of 20 million, multiply the number of kilowatt-hours by .202¢ (.00202). n \_\_\_\_\_
- o Add Lines e through n. This is the tax due. Write the result here and on Step 4, Line 20. o \_\_\_\_\_

**Worksheet B**

**Read this information first**

- You must complete Worksheet B if you are a self-assessing purchaser (i.e., you purchase electricity for nonresidential use and are registered to pay the Electricity Excise Tax directly to us).
- Keep your completed worksheet with your books and records.

**Step 1: Total purchase price**

This is the amount you were billed for electricity distributed, supplied, furnished, sold, transmitted, or delivered to you during this reporting period: a \_\_\_\_\_

**Step 2: Deductions**

For each deduction you take, you must describe the deduction and write the total cost. If you are taking a deduction for a DCEO-certified enterprise zone business, write the business' name under "Description."

Description	Costs
_____	_____
_____	_____
_____	_____
_____	_____
<b>Total deductions:</b>	<span style="float: right;">b _____</span>

**Step 3: Subtract Step 2, Line b from Step 1, Line a.** c \_\_\_\_\_

**Step 4: Tax due**  
 Multiply Step 3 by 5.1% (.051). Write the result here and on Form RPU-13, Step 4, Line 20. d \_\_\_\_\_



# RPU-13 Worksheet A Instructions and Example

**Instructions:** You must complete Worksheet A if you are

- in the business of distributing, supplying, or furnishing electricity for use or consumption and not for resale, and
- not a municipal system or an electric cooperative.

**Note:** Keep the *copies* of your completed Worksheet A for each month in your filing period in your books and records.

**Line a** - Total number of kilowatt-hours you billed for electricity distributed during the period for which you are filing this return.

**Line b3** - For each "other" deduction you take, you must describe the deduction and write the total kilowatt-hours distributed (*i.e.*, bad checks and electricity sold or distributed to a municipal corporation that owns and operates a local transportation system for public service and is not subject to the Electricity Excise Tax or sales to a DCEO-certified business, located in an enterprise zone).

**Lines e through n:**

**Step one:** Figure Lines e through n separately for each purchaser.

**Step two:** Per line, add all of the purchasers' amounts together.



**Example:**

**Step 1: Figure the number of taxable kilowatt-hours (kwh)**

<b>a</b> Total number of kilowatt-hours distributed.		<b>a</b> <u>40,254,514</u>
<b>b</b> Deductions (only tax-exempt kilowatt-hours you included on Line a.)		
<b>1</b> Kilowatt-hours distributed in interstate commerce	<b>b1</b> <u>1,028</u>	
<b>2</b> Kilowatt-hours to be rebilled	<b>b2</b> _____	
<b>3</b> Other	Kilowatt-hours	
_____	_____	
_____	_____	
_____	_____	
Total "other" deductions	<b>b3</b> _____	
<b>c</b> Add Lines b1, b2, and b3. This amount is your total deduction.		<b>c</b> <u>1,028</u>
<b>d</b> Subtract Line c from Line a. This is the number of taxable kilowatt-hours distributed.		<b>d</b> <u>40,253,486</u>

**Step 2: Figure the tax due** - See the instructions before completing Lines e through n.

<b>e</b> For the first 2,000 kwh distributed, multiply the number of kwh by .33¢ (.0033).		<b>e</b> <u>69,306</u>   <u>60</u>
<b>f</b> For the next 48,000 kwh distributed, multiply the number of kwh by .319¢ (.00319).		<b>f</b> <u>153</u>   <u>12</u>
<b>g</b> For the next 50,000 kwh distributed, multiply the number of kwh by .303¢ (.00303).		<b>g</b> <u>151</u>   <u>50</u>
<b>h</b> For the next 400,000 kwh distributed, multiply the number of kwh by .297¢ (.00297).		<b>h</b> <u>1,188</u>   <u>00</u>
<b>i</b> For the next 500,000 kwh distributed, multiply the number of kwh by .286¢ (.00286).		<b>i</b> <u>1,430</u>   <u>00</u>
<b>j</b> For the next 2 million kwh distributed, multiply the number of kwh by .27¢ (.0027).		<b>j</b> <u>5,400</u>   <u>00</u>
<b>k</b> For the next 2 million kwh distributed, multiply the number of kwh by .254¢ (.00254).		<b>k</b> <u>5,080</u>   <u>00</u>
<b>l</b> For the next 5 million kwh distributed, multiply the number of kwh by .233¢ (.00233).		<b>l</b> <u>11,650</u>   <u>00</u>
<b>m</b> For the next 10 million kwh distributed, multiply the number of kwh by .207¢ (.00207).		<b>m</b> <u>19,154</u>   <u>72</u>
<b>n</b> For the number of kilowatt-hours distributed in excess of 20 million, multiply the number of kilowatt-hours by .202¢ (.00202).		<b>n</b> <u>0</u>   <u>00</u>
<b>o</b> Add Lines e through n. Write the result here and on Step 4, Line 20. This is the tax due.		<b>o</b> <u>113,513</u>   <u>94</u>

**Step 3: Figure Lines e - o for the nonresidential and residential customers (Worksheet A)**

	Nonresidential customer (19,253,486 kilowatt-hours)	Each residential customer (30,000 customers each purchasing 700 kilowatt-hours)	Total non-residential and residential customers *
Line e	2,000 x .0033 = \$6.60	700 x .0033 = \$2.31 x 30,000 = \$69,300	\$ 6.60+ \$69,300 = \$69,306.60
Line f	48,000 x .00319 = \$153.12		\$ 153.12+ \$0 = \$ 153.12
Line g	50,000 x .00303 = \$151.50		\$ 151.50+ \$0 = \$ 151.50
Line h	400,000 x .00297 = \$1,188.00		\$ 1,188.00+ \$0 = \$ 1,188.00
Line i	500,000 x .00286 = \$1,430.00		\$ 1,430.00+ \$0 = \$ 1,430.00
Line j	2,000,000 x .00270 = \$5,400.00		\$ 5,400.00+ \$0 = \$ 5,400.00
Line k	2,000,000 x .00254 = \$5,080.00		\$ 5,080.00+ \$0 = \$ 5,080.00
Line l	5,000,000 x .00233 = \$11,650.00		\$11,650.00+ \$0 = \$11,650.00
Line m	9,253,486 x .00207 = \$19,154.72		\$19,154.72+ \$0 = \$19,154.72
Line n			

\* Transfer the total to the corresponding line in Worksheet A.